Connecticut Department of Transportation

Capital Plan

March 2023



Today's Agenda



Agency Overview



Transportation Documents & Priorities



Capital Plan Overview



Capital Program Funding



Capital Projects and Programs



AGENCY OVERVIEW



Connecticut's Transportation System





CTDOT Organization





DOT Organizational Updates



INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS UNIT: Designated Department Liaison for the MPOs, COGs, and local officials and assists with the **coordination and dissemination of information** on various planning programs and documents.



POLICY DEVELOPMENT UNIT: Tracks and leads the review, analysis, and comment on state and federal actions and will ensure timely **fulfillment of federal planning requirements** and act as the lead in development, review and periodic updating of Department Policies.



GRANTS AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC UNIT: Prepares **grant applications** and conducts cost-benefit analyses.



SUSTAINABILITY & RESILIENCY UNIT: Develops actionable plans to **increase the sustainability** of DOT's integrated multimodal transportation system.



CAPITAL PROGRAM MANAGEMENT UNIT: Develops and maintains **uniform processes** for planning and executing projects statewide to track progress, measure accomplishments, and manage resources.



TRANSPORTATION DOCUMENTS & PRIORITIES



Transportation Documents – How They Fit Together



The Long-Range Transportation Plan is a policy document that serves as a framework for preparing future, project-specific transportation plans. The Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) is a fouryear financial document that lists all projects expected to be funded in those four years with Federal participation. The Capital Plan Update Report is to inform the Department's stakeholders about the past year's program and outline the plan for the upcoming year.



What is CTDOT's Capital Plan?

Annual report prepared by CTDOT to inform stakeholders and outline the capital investments for the upcoming 5-year period.

Describes the Department's **plan to address** critical transportation **needs and current challenges.**



Details a comprehensive financial summary of Capital Program expenditures.

Data presented in the report is based on the **Federal Fiscal Year**: October 1 - September 30.



Capital Program Priorities

- Safety
- State of Good Repair (SOGR)
- Address congestion
- Address rail and bus travel times
- Active transportation considerations
- Major programs and initiatives



Transportation Asset Management







Asset Fact Sheets



Description

- CTDOT inspects 5,433 roadway bridges, 1,822 of which are National Bridge Inventory (NBI) structures on the National Highway System (NHS).
- 4,058 of these bridges are state maintained; the remaining 1,375 are maintained locally or under another jurisdiction
- · CTDOT defines a bridge as a crossing of at least six feet in length, including culverts. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) defines an NBI bridge as a structure measuring more than 20 feet in length. · CTDOT has a distinct Major
- Bridge Program for large or expensive-to-replace bridges. 60 structures are currently categorized as Major Bridges,

State of Good Repair (SOGR)

A bridge for which the condition rating for each of the three major components for a span bridge (Substructure, Deck, and Superstructure) or the structural condition of a culvert is rated at least a 5 on a 0-9 condition scale is classified as being in a SOGR.

Bridge Age

The average NHS-NBI bridge in Connecticut is 55 years old, which is 7 years older than the national average of 48 years. The state has a higher percentage of Poor bridges (by deck area) compared to the national average.



CTDOT-Maintained Inventory and Condition State Goals



History

Hatlens

a day and the lat

4.058 bridges

5,433

-1,375 bridges

maintained by CTDD1





Description

 There are 3,715 centerline miles of state-maintained routes and roads in Connecticut, 1,406 of which are on the National Highway System (NHS), including 346 Interstate miles. There are another 17,454 centerline miles of town

maintained roads, 56 of which are on the NHS. 70.7% of CTDOT maintained centerline miles are flexible (asphalt) pavements, 29.0% are

composite pavements (asphalt over concrete). and 0.3% are rigid

(concrete) pavements.

State of Good Repair (SOGR)

A pavement section for which the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) is 6 or greater is classified as being in a State of Good Repair (SOGR). The PCI is based on cracking, rutting, drainage disintegration, and ride. FHWA uses different condition measures for NHS pavements.

Pavement Age

The average Connecticut NHS pavement structure was constructed 47.6 years ago, and the average surface age is 7.3 years old, based on lane miles.

NHS Roadways Inventory and Condition

High

Connecticut Transportation Asset Management Plan

1,313 Lane-Miles 399 Lane-Miles 3 Lane-Miles

Federal Requirements

Pavement

1,250 Lane-Miles 1,836 Lane-Miles 67 Lane-Miles 76.5% are in Good condition 23.5% are in 0.2% are in 39.6% are in 58.3% are in Good condition Fair condition Note on interstate: Total condition lane miles of 1,715 excludes 131 lane miles coded as bridge and 37 lane miles missing/invalid. Note on Non-Interstate NH5: Total condition lane miles of 3,153 excludes 81 lane miles coded as bridge and 55 lane mile missing/invalid. Totals include 1.27 NH5 lane miles which are locally maintained, 3 5% in good condition, 23.7% in fair condition and 4.0% in poor condition

Based on 2020 HPMS pavement condition data submitted to FHWA June 14, 2021

Non-Interstate NHS Pavements

2.1% are in

Poor cond

Fair

CTDOT-Maintained Roadways Inventory and Condition



History





CTDOT Asset Fact Sheet - Pavement

Planning Studies for Targeted Improvements



A new approach to planning studies results in a transparent, comprehensive, and actionable plan that identifies priority, cost, timeline, and benefit to the State of Connecticut.



CTDOT Resources available on CT.gov/DOT



Capital Plan Report & Project List Transportation Infrastructure Capital Plans



Advertising Schedule of Projects

<u>Capital Services -</u> <u>Programming and</u> <u>Scheduling (ct.gov)</u>



Asset Management Plans

Asset Management Group (ct.gov)



Active Projects Map & Open Data Portal

<u>CTDOT Open Data</u> (arcgis.com)







CAPITAL PLAN OVERVIEW







Step 1: Identify

Potential projects and initiatives are identified from many sources:

- Statewide or Regional Planning Documents
- Corridor/Feasibility Studies
- Federal Regulations and Mandates
- Councils of Government (COGs), Municipalities, & Public Input
- Legislator Requests
- Data-Driven Analysis
 - High Crash Rates
 - Congestion
 - State of Good Repair
 - Sub-Standard Geometrics





What is a *PURPOSE AND NEED* Statement?

"<u>Purpose</u>" can be defined as the reason to conduct the project

e.g.: The *purpose* of the project is to reduce congestion and improve mobility at the intersection of Town Road and Main Street

"<u>Need</u>" can be defined as the identification of deficiencies of the project supported by facts or data

e.g. This project is *needed* because the capacity of the intersection of Town Road and Main Street is inadequate to meet current and future traffic volumes, resulting in congestion, reduced mobility and Level of Service D on this stretch of highway.











Step 3: Apply Metrics

The overarching goals of the Department define the metrics by which each project is measured, but quantification of those metrics differs by project type and mode.

Primary Metrics:

- Increase Mobility for All Users
- Improve Safety Across All Modes
- Maintain or Enhance Condition of Assets

Other Factors and Considerations:

- Freight Movement Around the State
- Economic Development
- Community Input and Involvement





Step 4: Solicit Feedback

Department Regularly Engages with COGs

- Monthly Coordination Meetings
- STIP/TIP Requests
- Coordination and Planning Meetings

Development of Capital Plan includes Coordination

- 1. Information is prepared for inclusion in the Draft Capital Plan
- 2. Public meeting is held to engage stakeholders and solicit feedback
- 3. Draft Capital Plan Project List is distributed to COGs for comment
- 4. Department addresses/replies to comments
- 5. Final version of Capital Plan is prepared
- 6. Capital Plan is Published





Step 5: Program

What does it mean to "Program" a project?

To program is to assign a specific funding source to the estimated costs of a project, drawing down from the anticipated available funding in the year of expenditure.

What are the challenges to Programming?

Each funding source or "bucket" has different eligibility requirements

- Mode
- Scope of Work
- Geographic area within the State (MPO)
- Urban vs Rural Characterization
- Cost of Project vs Available Funding in Program
- Functional Classification of the Roadway



CAPITAL PROGRAM FUNDING



Overview of USDOT Federal Formula Funding

FHWA	,	Yearly Total	Program Size Relative to 2021 Program	ncrease over 021 Program
2021	\$	549,841,415		
2022	\$	788,243,862	143%	\$ 238,402,447
2023	\$	801,552,715	146%	\$ 251,711,300
2024	\$	815,127,746	148%	\$ 265,286,331
2025	\$	828,974,277	151%	\$ 279,132,862
2026	\$	843,097,737	153%	\$ 293,256,322

FTA	Yearly Total	Program Size Relative to 2021 Program	ocrease over 021 Program
2021	\$ 200,684,201		
2022	\$ 249,586,741	124%	\$ 48,902,540
2023	\$ 254,675,083	127%	\$ 53,990,882
2024	\$ 261,505,210	130%	\$ 60,821,009
2025	\$ 267,029,567	133%	\$ 66,345,366
2026	\$ 273,990,153	137%	\$ 73,305,952

FHWA + FTA Formula Funding	Grand Total by Year		Program Size Relative to 2021 Program	Increase over 2021 Program	
2021	\$	750,525,616			
2022	\$	1,037,830,603	138%	\$	287,304,987
2023	\$	1,056,227,798	141%	\$	305,702,182
2024	\$	1,076,632,956	143%	\$	326,107,340
2025	\$	1,096,003,844	146%	\$	345,478,228
2026	\$	1,117,087,890	149%	\$	366,562,274



Note: These values do not include matching State funds.

Timeline of Federal Legislation and Guidance



Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) / Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)

November 15, 2021 Authorizes the transportation program for five years (FFY22-26), subject to annual appropriations



FY22 Appropriations

March 13, 2022 Provides funding to federal agencies to implement IIJA policy and programs



Notice of Funding Opportunities (NOFOs)

Released incrementally USDOT releases guidance and requirements for applying to available discretionary grant programs



FY23 Appropriations *Passed December 2022* Provides funding to federal agencies to implement IIJA policy and programs



Discretionary Federal Grants Status

SUCCESSFUL APPLICATIONS - \$231.2 million in FY22

Amount Awarded	Project	Grant Program
\$20 million	New Haven Line Power Program	FRA – 2022 State of Good Repair Grant Program
\$20.4 million	Modernization of the SEAT Garage in Norwich, CT	FTA – Buses & Bus Facilities Grant Program
\$1 million	Planning & Environmental Linkages Study for Bridge No. 32 on I-95 in Stamford	FHWA – Bridge Investment Program – Planning
\$29.6 million	Ansonia, Beacon Falls, & Seymour Train Stations	FTA - All Stations Accessibility Program (ASAP)
\$158.2 million	Gold Star Memorial Bridge Northbound Structure Rehabilitation Project	FHWA – Bridge Investment Program – Large Bridge
\$2 million	Connecticut Integrated Transit Mobility Project (CT-ITMP)	OST – Strengthening Mobility and Revolutionizing Transportation (SMART) – Phase 1 Planning Grant Program





Discretionary Federal Grants - FRA

Federal-State Partnership for Intercity Passenger Rail Program – Northeast Corridor (FSP-NEC)



Program provides Federal funding opportunity to improve intercity passenger rail infrastructure by funding projects that reduce the state of good repair backlog, improve performance, and expand intercity passenger rail service.



Projects located on the NEC and identified in FRA's NEC Project Inventory will be evaluated and selected for an award based on its discretionary grant application.

The Department submitted 13 grant applications:



Walk Bridge Replacement · Saugatuck River Bridge Replacement · Devon Bridge
Replacement · Devon Bridge Interim Repairs · Cos Cob Bridge Replacement · TIME-1
· TIME-5 · NHL Power Improvement Program · New Haven Line Network Infrastructure
Upgrade · NHL Station Replacement Program (New Haven) · Stamford Station
Improvements · Hartford Line Rail Program: Double Track (Phase 3B) · Hartford Station
Relocation – GHMS



Available Funding





DOT Capital Expenditures

11 Year Total Growth of:62.87%Worzego Appual Growth rate of:5.72%

Average Annual Growth rate of: 5.72%





Excluding rolling-stock equipment purchases.

CAPITAL PROJECTS & PROGRAMS



Traffic Safety

SAFETY PLANNING

- Vision Zero
- Highway Safety Improvement Program Implementation Plan
- Strategic Highway Safety Plan
- Vulnerable Road Users Assessment

SAFETY PARTNERSHIPS

- Safety Circuit Rider Program
- Traffic Signal Circuit Rider Program
- Connecticut Transportation Safety Center







Traffic Safety Funding

FEDERAL SAFETY PROJECT FUNDING

- Highway Safety Improvement Program: **\$38 million**
 - Capital improvements
 - Educational programming
 - Enforcement support
- Section 154: **\$12 million**
 - Capital Improvements
 - Planning Studies
 - Enforcement support
- Railway-Highway Crossings: **\$1.4 million**
 - Rail Grade Crossing Improvements

WRONG WAY DRIVING

 State bond funding to install Wrong Way Detection Systems: \$20 million





Active Transportation



COMPLETE STREETS

- Transportation Alternatives Set-Aside Program in FY22: **\$14 million**
- SFY22 projects that included elements for pedestrians or cyclists: 61 projects totaling \$41.1 million
- Annual budget used to create and enhance walkways, bikeways, and pedestrian improvements: 3.75%
- New State program used for short-term complete streets projects: \$5 million per year
- COMMUNITY CONNECTIVITY GRANT PROGRAM
- Construction funding for local initiatives: \$38 million in past 4 years
- Anticipated award funding for FY23 and FY24: **\$12 million per year**



ADA COMPLIANCE

 SFY22 funding to install ADA curb ramps and sidewalks in conjunction with the Department's Maintenance Resurfacing Program: \$3.28 million



New Formula Fund for Bridges

BRIDGE FORMULA PROGRAM (BFP)

- CT received \$121.2 million in FY22 and FY23 and expects to receive \$605.8 million over 5 years
- BFP Program provides funding for highway bridge replacement, rehabilitation, preservation, protection, and construction projects on public roads, with a focus on asset management
- BFP funding is distributed by a statutory formula based on the relative costs of replacing all highway bridges classified in poor and fair condition in a State





New Climate and Resilience Formula Programs



NATIONAL ELECTRIC VEHICLE INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM (NEVI)

\$53 million over five years

- Allows the state to build out CT's publicly accessible charging stations for the national EV charging network on highway corridors and in communities
- USDOT approved CT's NEVI Plan in September 2022



CARBON REDUCTION PROGRAM

\$79 million over five years, suballocated to regions

 Requires CTDOT to develop a carbon reduction strategy in consultation with COGs to identify projects and strategies tailored to reduce carbon dioxide emissions from on-road sources.



PROMOTING RESILIENT OPERATIONS FOR TRANSFORMATIVE, EFFICIENT, AND COST-SAVING TRANSPORTATION (PROTECT) PROGRAM

\$90 million over five years

• Will help make transportation assets in CT more resilient to weather and natural disasters and allow our state to rapidly recover/continue operations



Projects and Programs in the Capital Plan

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

Service Improvements

- CT*transit Move New Haven* Infrastructure
 Improvements Phase 1
- New Haven Line Speed Improvements, TIME-1
- Hartford Line Double-Tracking

Equipment Purchases

- New coaches for rail fleet
- Bus Replacements (electric)
- Final M8 Deliveries

Station and Facility Improvements

- New Haven Line Darien Station Improvements
- EV Charging Stations Program
- Bus Stop and Shelter Modernization, Statewide
- New Haven Line Signal Improvements
- New Haven Union Station Campus Improvements
- Waterbury Line Station Improvements



Projects and Programs in the Capital Plan

HIGHWAY/BRIDGE

Annual Programs

- Capital Resurfacing Program, Statewide
- General Asset SOGR Programmatic Improvements
- Local Transportation Capital Improvement Program (LOTCIP)
- Community Connectivity Grant Program
- ADA Transition Plan
- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) Improvement Program
- Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)

Projects

- I-91/I-691/Route 15 Interchange, Meriden
- I-95 Goldstar Bridge, New London
- I-84 Interchange 17 Improvements, Middlebury
- I-95 at Route 161 Interchange Improvements, East Lyme
- Route 9 Traffic Signal Removal, Middletown
- Roundabouts at CT 178 & Wintonbury Ave, Bloomfield
- Hop River State Park Trail, Columbia & Coventry

New Haven Rail Improvements

STATION IMPROVEMENTS: \$198 million

- Platform rehabilitation and improvements: Extend platforms, add a new canopy system, and bring platforms into a state of good repair and comply with ADA and building code standards
- **Pedestrian enhancements:** Replace and or rehabilitate the pedestrian bridge, elevator and stair tower, and center island platform at State Street Station.
- West Lot Intermodal Center: Construct a new intermodal transportation center to accommodate vehicle parking, motor vehicle circulation and safety, including improving accessibility for pedestrians, cyclists, and public transit riders via transportation network companies (TNC), public bus routes, and shuttles
- Interior Station Improvements: Modernized customer waiting areas, enhanced ticketing & customer information, increased public restroom capacity on multiple levels, unified wayfinding system, and additional retail and concession opportunities

RAIL YARD IMPROVEMENTS: \$125 million

- **Car Shop**: complete rehabilitation of all interior and exterior features of the shop except for the steel frame, building foundations, and electrical room.
- **Diesel Shop**: rehabilitation of the shop as needed to improve the efficiency of the operations and the working conditions for the personnel.
- Wheel Mill Facility: replace the existing facility (constructed in the 1950's) to meet current building codes and safety requirements and meet the operational needs for maintaining the rail fleet.



Stamford Transportation Center Improvements

STATION RENOVATION/MASTER PLAN: \$297 million

All facets of the passenger experience at the STC will be improved, including:

- Reimagined Station Place, with pick-up/drop-off areas organized by mode
- New pedestrian plaza, improved paths of travel and connectivity
- Modernized customer waiting areas with enhanced ticketing & customer information
- Increased public restroom capacity on multiple levels
- Unified wayfinding system
- Additional retail and concession opportunities
- Motor vehicle circulation and safety, including entering the STC via transportation network companies (TNC) and shuttles
- Accessibility improvements for pedestrians, cyclists, and public transit riders

MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT AND CAR WASH FACILITIES: \$163 million

 Renovations to allow for more efficient use of the facility, minimize extensive maintenance requirements, and to meet current ADA and building code requirements





Greater Hartford Mobility Study

STUDY GOALS

- Improve the movement of people and goods
- Increase transportation options, accessibility, reliability, and safety
- Accommodate future needs and emerging technologies
- Prioritize social equity
- Minimize environmental impacts

SUMMARY OF NEEDS IN REGION

- Infrastructure issues
- Congestion in Study Core
- Lack of transit competitiveness
- Safer and more reliable multimodal options

STUDY OUTCOMES & NEXT STEPS

- Links transportation planning and environmental/community concerns
- Identification of a regional set of early action projects to advance with an implementation plan
- Streamline NEPA process



IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE





Future Capital Improvements













CT transit









Thank You!

DOT.CapitalPlan@ct.gov

